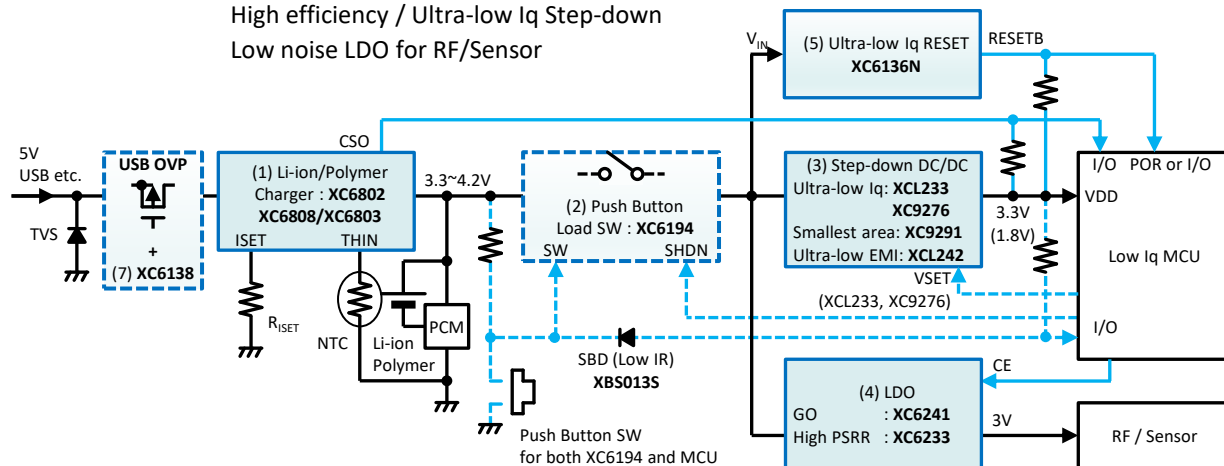


# Li Rechargeable Battery : Small and Low Power Consumption Solutions

## ■ Products using Li-ion/Polymer rechargeable battery : IoT Sensor/Wearable etc.

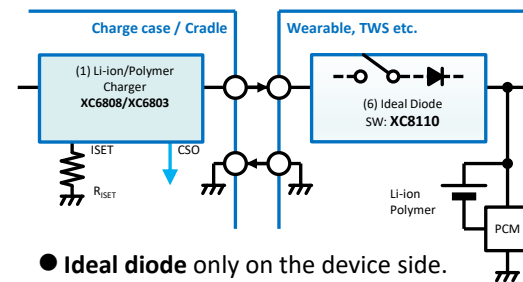
- Challenges : Prevention of discharge after shipment  
High efficiency / Ultra-low Iq Step-down  
Low noise LDO for RF/Sensor



|                     | Product                | Features                                                                                                               |
|---------------------|------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| (1) Li Charger IC   | <b>XC6808 / XC6803</b> | CC/CV Charger, CC~280/40mA, Battery Temperature Monitor                                                                |
| (2) Push button SW  | <b>XC6194</b>          | $I_{STB}=1nA$ , Shutdown function(Ship/Main power SW)<br>For system freeze                                             |
| (3) Step-down DC/DC | <b>XCL233</b>          | Built-in inductor, $I_q=200nA$ , PFM, 150mA, VSET( $V_{OUT}$ selectable)                                               |
|                     | <b>XCL242</b>          | Built-in inductor, <b>HiSAT-COT</b> , Ultra-low EMI, PWM/PFM, 1.2MHz, 500mA                                            |
|                     | <b>XC9291</b>          | <b>HiSAT-COT</b> , Smallest area, PWM/PFM, 4MHz/6MHz, 600mA                                                            |
| (4) LDO             | <b>XC6241</b>          | $I_q=0.6\mu A$ , PSRR=60dB, GO, 150mA                                                                                  |
|                     | <b>XC6233</b>          | High-speed PSRR=75dB, 200mA, Inrush prevention                                                                         |
| (5) RESET IC        | <b>XC6136</b>          | $I_q=100nA$ class Ultra-low $I_q$                                                                                      |
| (6) Ideal diode SW  | <b>XC8110 / XC8111</b> | True Reverse current prevention Ideal Diode Load SW<br>$V_F=20mV$ , 500mA (XC8110), 1A (XC8111), IEC 62368-1 certified |
| (7) Reset IC        | <b>XC6138</b>          | High Voltage Sense pin: 76V, Wide hysteresis                                                                           |

## (6) Example of charge control by the case/cradle

Configuration for charging control of Li batteries in **Wearable/Hearable/TWS**, etc. by the charging case/cradle side.



- **Ideal diode** only on the device side.  
Prevents terminal corrosion by reverse current prevention.
- Charging is controlled on the charging case side, **making it easy to stop output from the case** after charging is complete.

## (2) Push Button Load SW with Shutdown function : XC6194

Shutdown at shipment to **reduce the discharge current from the battery to 1nA**.  
Main power SW / Forced shut-down at system freeze

## (3) Ultra-low Iq Step-down DC/DC for MCU

Ultra-low  $I_q$  DC/DC is suitable. (**XCL233, XC9276** :  $I_q=200nA$ )  
**VSET** function lowers  $V_{OUT}$  in sleep mode to achieve lower  $I_q$ .  
**World's smallest class solution XC9291** with ultra low EMI.  
**XCL242** for ultra-low EMI to further reduce noise to the Sensors.

## (4) LDO for RF/Sensor : XC6241

**GO** function automatically switches between low  $I_q$  and high-speed according to the output current, achieving both low consumption and high-speed response.

## (7) RESET IC for OVP (Over Voltage Protection) of USB input : XC6138

# Further Lower Consumption / Battery Life : Ideal Diode, Push Button Load SW

## ■ Ideal Diode to reduce power loss of diode

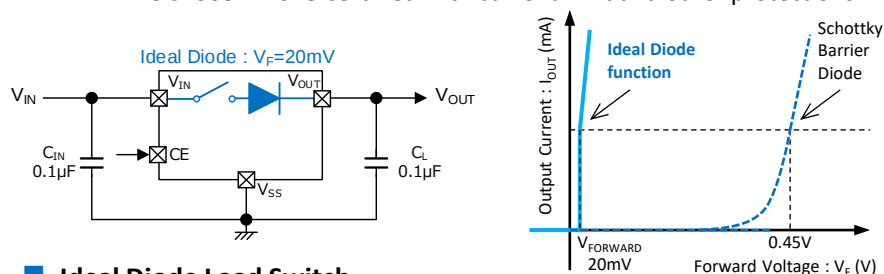
### ● Technical trend and challenges

- Many diodes used in each power lines for reverse current prevention, etc.
- SBD generates about 0.4V of VF loss and reverse current due to leakage, and the loss is more than 0.4W at IF=1A, which is an obstacle to high efficiency and miniaturization.

### ● TOREX Proposal : Significantly reducing VF loss

#### ➢ Ideal Diode Load SW: XC8110 / XC8111, XC8112 / XC8113

- Achieving VF=20mV. Loss is 1/20 of SBD@200mA or less and 1/6@500mA. Parallel connection of XC8112/XC8113 halves VF at high current. Leakage current is 0  $\mu$ A, preventing reverse current harmful to batteries.
- IEC 62368-1:2018 certified with current limit and other protections.



## ■ Ideal Diode Load Switch

| Product       | Features                                                                                                                     | V <sub>IN</sub> (V) | R <sub>on</sub>     | I <sub>OUT</sub> | Package                                                                                |
|---------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------|---------------------|------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>XC8110</b> | VF=20mV<br>3.6 $\mu$ A (Forward bias)<br>0 $\mu$ A (Reverse bias)<br>IEC 62368-1:2018 certified                              | 1.5 ~ 6.0           | 120m $\Omega$       | 500mA            | WLP-4-02 (0.82x0.82x0.5mm)<br>SOT-25 (2.9x2.8x1.3mm)<br>USP-6B06 (1.8x1.5x0.33mm)      |
| <b>XC8111</b> |                                                                                                                              |                     |                     | 1A               |                                                                                        |
| <b>XC8114</b> |                                                                                                                              |                     | 60m $\Omega$        | 3A               | WLP-4-04 (0.82x1.48x0.495mm)<br>SOT-89-5 (4.5x4.6x1.6mm)<br>DFN1820-6G (1.8x2.0x0.6mm) |
| <b>XC8112</b> | 2ch (Parallel is allowed)<br>VF=20mV<br>3.6 $\mu$ A (Forward bias)<br>0 $\mu$ A (Reverse bias)<br>IEC 62368-1:2018 certified | 1.5 ~ 6.0           | 2ch x 120m $\Omega$ | 2 x 500mA        | USP-8B06 (2.0x2.0x0.33mm)                                                              |
| <b>XC8113</b> |                                                                                                                              |                     |                     | 2 x 1A           |                                                                                        |

## ■ "Ship function" to prevent battery discharge during shipment.

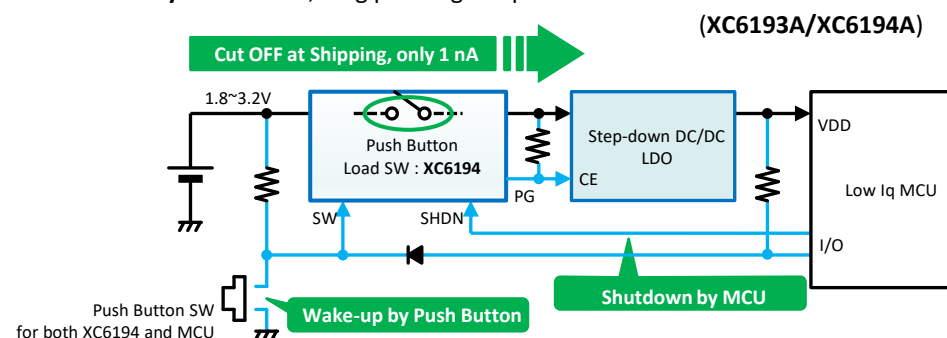
### ● Technical trend and challenges

- Discharge current from the battery after shipment is so large that the battery may not be usable at the time of usage.
- Due to an increase in the number of devices with built-in batteries and the need to ensure water resistance, the conventional method of preventing discharge by using plastic insulating tabs has become difficult.

### ● TOREX Proposal : Preventing battery discharge by Ship function

#### ➢ Push Button Load SW: XC6194 (1A) / XC6193 (1A + External Pch FET)

- Ship function** greatly reduces discharge after shipment to 1nA.
- Useful as main power switch as well.**  
Turn ON by the push-button, and OFF by the signal from MCU to SHDN after processing termination. Safety shutdown is possible.
- At system freeze, long pressing the push button forces OFF.**



## ■ Push Button Load Switch with Ship function

| Product       | Features                                                                                                                                 | V <sub>IN</sub> (V) | R <sub>on</sub>                | I <sub>OUT</sub> | Package                   |
|---------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------|--------------------------------|------------------|---------------------------|
| <b>XC6193</b> | I <sub>STB</sub> =1nA<br>Shutdown function (Ship/Main power SW)<br>For system freeze (XC6193A/XC6194A)<br>UVLO: Prevents battery leakage | 1.8 ~ 6.0           | Internal 1A + External Pch FET |                  | USP-8B06 (2.0x2.0x0.33mm) |
| <b>XC6194</b> |                                                                                                                                          |                     | 140m $\Omega$                  | 1A               |                           |

# Low Power Consumption by Utilizing Operation Range of MCU/SoC : VSET, Bypass

## ■ Achieving longer battery life & low power consumption by changing the output voltage based on an operation of MCU/SoC

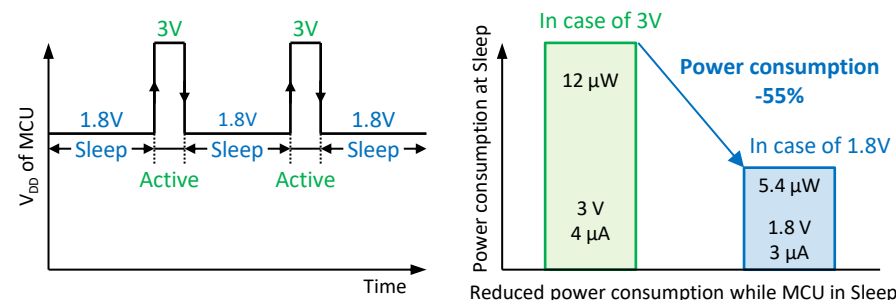
### ● Technical trend and challenges

- Current MCU/SoC can operate in a wide voltage range (e.g. 1.6 to 3.8V).
- 3V is required for the analog part and high-speed processing, but a low supply voltage such as 1.8V can be used during sleep mode. This results in lower power consumption.

### ● TOREX Proposal : Low power consumption by changing output voltage

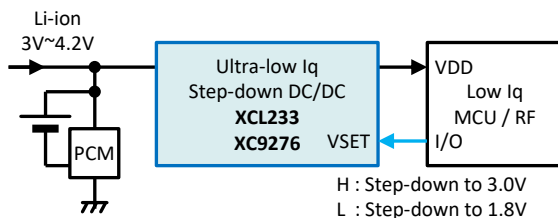
- Dynamically changing output voltage according to MCU/SoC operation, greatly reducing power consumption in standby state.

### Change supply voltage according to MCU operation



### ➤ Ultra-low I<sub>q</sub> Step-down DC/DC with VSET function : XCL233, XC9276

- V<sub>OUT</sub> can be switched by the VSET pin.
- 200nA Ultra-low I<sub>q</sub> achieves always high efficiency: 85.5%@10μA

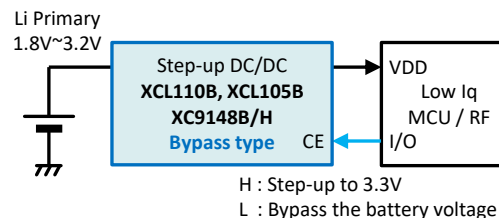


### ■ Ultra-low I<sub>q</sub> VSET (V<sub>OUT</sub> selectable) function Step-down DC/DC

| Product       | Features                                                                             | V <sub>IN</sub> (V) | V <sub>OUT</sub> (V)  | I <sub>OUT</sub> (mA) | Package                                                                             |
|---------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>XCL233</b> | Built-in inductor<br>VSET(V <sub>OUT</sub> selectable)<br>I <sub>q</sub> =200nA, PFM | 1.8 ~ 6.0           | 0.5 ~ 3.6<br>2 values | 150                   | CL-2025-03<br>(2.5x2.0x1.04mm)                                                      |
| <b>XC9276</b> | VSET(V <sub>OUT</sub> selectable)<br>I <sub>q</sub> =200nA, PFM                      | 1.8 ~ 6.0           | 0.5 ~ 3.6<br>2 values | 150                   | USP-8B06 (2.0x2.0x0.33mm)<br>SOT-26W (2.8x2.9x1.3mm)<br>WLP-6-03 (1.72x1.07x0.33mm) |

### ➤ Step-up DC/DC with Bypass function : XCL110B, XCL105B, XC9148B/H

- Switching between voltage boost and battery voltage through
- During MCU sleep, supplying through battery voltage, and I<sub>q</sub> of the IC is 0μA.



### ■ Bypass type Step-up DC/DC

| Product          | Features                             | V <sub>IN</sub> (V)                 | V <sub>OUT</sub> (V) | I <sub>OUT</sub> (mA)<br>@3.3V→5V | Package                                            |
|------------------|--------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|----------------------|-----------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------|
| <b>XCL110B</b>   | Built-in inductor<br>PWM/PFM, 3MHz   | 0.65 ~ 6.0<br>V <sub>ST</sub> = 0.9 | 1.8 ~ 5.5            | 610                               | CL-2025-02<br>(2.5x2.0x1.04mm)                     |
| <b>XCL105B</b>   | Built-in inductor<br>PWM/PFM, 1.2MHz | 0.65 ~ 6.0<br>V <sub>ST</sub> = 0.9 | 1.8 ~ 5.5            | 710                               | DFN3030-10B<br>(3.0x3.0x1.7mm)                     |
| <b>XC9148B/H</b> | PWM/PFM<br>1.2MHz/3MHz               | 0.65 ~ 6.0<br>V <sub>ST</sub> = 0.9 | 1.8 ~ 5.5            | 750                               | USP-6C (1.8x2.0x0.6mm)<br>SOT-89-5 (4.5x4.6x1.6mm) |

# Reset IC Application Examples

## ■ Monitoring of 12V/24V input lines with large voltage fluctuations

### ● Technical trend and challenges

- It is necessary to monitor large voltage fluctuations in the power supply line due to loads such as motors and input impedance.  
Set the detect /release voltage to suit the application.

### ● TOREX Proposal : Reset IC with high voltage tolerance and a wide range of detect/release voltages

#### ➤ Wide range of detect/release voltage difference (hysteresis) supported

- Separate sense pin type, monitoring 12V/24V lines.
- Select a release voltage high enough to ensure a stable rise and select a detect voltage sufficiently different from the release voltage.

#### XC6138

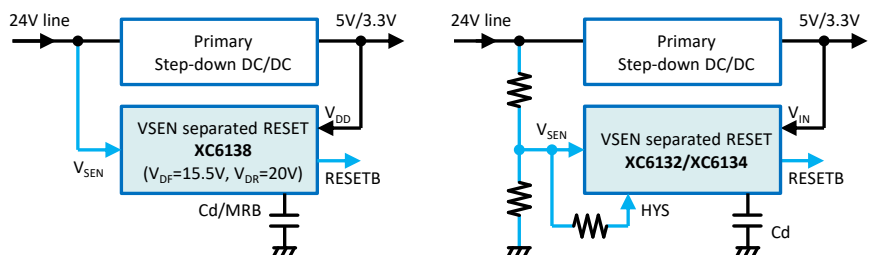
##### 76V High voltage Sense pin

Wide hysteresis range selectable.

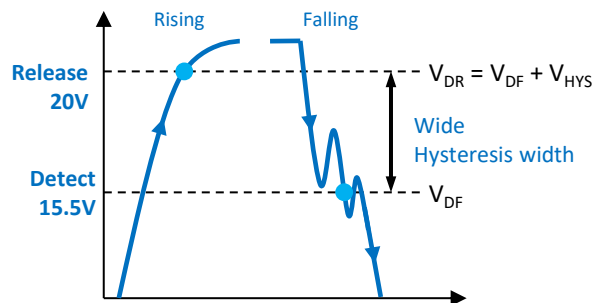
#### XC6132/XC6134

Detect and release voltages are set using external resistors.

(XC6132 has  $V_{SEN}$  pin surge protection)



#### Example of 24V line voltage monitoring



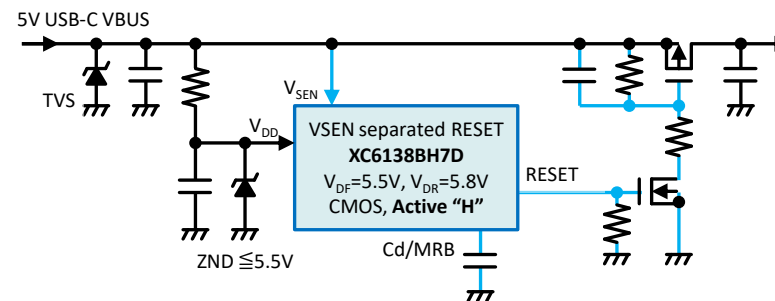
## ■ USB port Overvoltage protection (OVP)

### ● Technical trend and challenges

- 5V USB overshoot is an issue due to the spread of low-cost USB-PD adapters.

### ● TOREX Proposal : Overvoltage protection with a reset IC suitable for 5V USB

#### ➤ Simple implementation with XC6138BH7D + external FETs.



## ■ Simple MPPT using an ultra-low $I_q$ reset IC and a step-up DC/DC

### ● Technical trend and challenges

- ON/OFF control of step-up DC/DC in response to changes in input voltage is important for energy harvesting and backup power supply from EDLC.

### ● TOREX Proposal : Input voltage monitoring using an ultra-low $I_q$ reset IC

#### ➤ Creating hysteresis with XC6135 + resistors

##### ● Energy Harvesting

When voltage of  $C_{STORAGE}$  rises enough, boosting starts.  
When the voltage falls, it stops.

##### ● EDLC for backup

When the EDLC voltage rises enough, backup supply starts. When the voltage falls, it stops.

